

## PUBLICATION DETAILS JANUARY 2026 – MARCH 2026



**Name of the faculty:** Dr. K. Dhivya

**Journal Article:** Effective Use of BV-AVD Regimen in The Management of Classical Hodgkin Lymphoma: A Case-Based Approach

**Author's name:** Shirly Sasikumar, Mathesh Anandan, Darius Alan, **Dhivya Kothandan**

**Abstract:** Classical Hodgkin Lymphoma (CHL) is a malignant lymphoproliferative disorder characterized by the presence of Reed-Sternberg cells (R-SC), which are large, multinucleated cells within an inflammatory microenvironment of immune cells, fibrosis, and necrosis. While its exact cause remains unclear, CHL is strongly associated with Epstein-Barr Virus (EBV) infection, genetic factors, and immune dysregulation. Common symptoms include fever, night sweats, unexplained weight loss, pruritus, fatigue, and hepatosplenomegaly. This report presents a rare case of CHL of mixed cellularity in a 35-year-old pregnant woman, who was admitted with generalized pruritus, joint pain, and bilateral upper lymphadenopathy. The diagnosis was confirmed through a PET-CT scan, bone marrow biopsy, and lymph node excision biopsy. The patient was initiated on cycle 1B chemotherapy with adriamycin, vinblastine, dacarbazine, and Brentuximab Vedotin (BV-AVD), along with supportive care and lifestyle modifications to ensure optimal maternal and fetal outcomes.

**Journal name:** Indian Journal of Pharmacy Practice

**Article URL:** <https://ijopp.org/article/10.5530/ijopp.20260387>

1. **Journal Article:** Assessment of knowledge and practice of pharmaceutical inventory management among pharmacy professionals.

**Author's name:** Dhivya K, Prithiha B, Keshavini S, Jagadheeshwari M, Bakrudeen Ali HR

**Abstract:**

**Aim:** The main objective of our study was to assess the Knowledge and Practices in inventory

control management among pharmacy professionals in Chennai, South India.

**Methods:** This prospective cross-sectional study was carried out for a period of three months. The knowledge and practice assessment questionnaire was developed and it was cross verified by expert committee of members. Pharmacists of community and hospital of either gender who were willing to participate were included in the study. The details of the pharmacists including the socio-demographic parameters were collected and recorded. Statistical analysis of the data was performed by using SPSS version 23. Qualitative data were presented as frequency and percentage. Quantitative data were presented as mean and standard deviation. Chi square test was used to find the difference between the categorical variables.

**Results:** A total of 80 pharmacists satisfying the inclusion criteria were enrolled in the study. The pharmacists have better knowledge about the inventory management. A statistically significant difference was observed in managing inventory ( $p = 0.003$ ), maintaining the register ( $p = 0.042$ ), and frequency of monitoring the stock ( $p = 0.014$ ) between hospital and community pharmacist.

**Conclusion:** Our study revealed that hospital and community pharmacists have a moderate level of knowledge of inventory management. Based on the results of this study, it is obvious that in order to enhance the efficiency and efficacy of the pharmacists, more training initiatives and education about inventory control is essential

**Journal name:** International Journal of Biology, Pharmacy and Allied Sciences

**Article URL:** <https://www.ijbpas.com/archive/archive-single-pdf/7242>